

## RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

EFFECT OF TAPER RATIO ON LIFT, DRAG, AND PITCHING-MOMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF THIN WINGS OF ASPECT RATIO 3 WITH 53.1° SWEEPBACK OF LEADING EDGE AT SUBSONIC AND SUPERSONIC SPEEDS

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# NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

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#### RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

EFFECT OF TAPER RATIO ON LIFT, DRAG, AND PITCHING-MOMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF THIN WINGS OF ASPECT RATIO 3 WITH 53.1° SWEEPBACK
OF LEADING EDGE AT SUBSONIC AND SUPERSONIC SPEEDS

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#### SUMMARY

The results of a wind-tunnel investigation are presented which show the effect of the variation of taper ratio on the lift, drag, and pitching-moment characteristics of thin wings of aspect ratio 3 with 53.1° sweepback of the leading edge. Three wings, with taper ratios of 0, 0.2, and 0.4, in combination with a high-fineness-ratio body were studied in the investigation.

Measurements of the forces and moments on the wing-body combinations were obtained throughout an angle-of-attack range from -4° to a maximum of +17° at Mach numbers of 0.6 to 0.9 and 1.2 to 1.9. All models were tested at a Reynolds number of 3.0 million per foot at all Mach numbers. (This corresponds to Reynolds numbers varying from 2.9 to 3.6 million when based on the mean aerodynamic chords of the models.) In addition, the models were tested at Reynolds numbers of 4.0 million per foot at all subsonic Mach numbers and 6.0 million per foot at Mach numbers of 0.8 and 0.9.

Static longitudinal stability at subsonic speeds was reduced near a lift coefficient of 0.5 for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4. Variation of taper ratio did not affect the minimum drag coefficient at subsonic speeds. At supersonic speeds increasing the taper ratio resulted in a slight reduction in the minimum drag coefficient. Drag due to lift was decreased at all Mach numbers by an increase in taper ratio from 0 to 0.2.





#### INTRODUCTION

As part of the continuing investigation of low-aspect-ratio wings by the NACA, the effects of taper ratio on the aerodynamic characteristics of swept wings of aspect ratio 3 at subsonic and supersonic speeds have been investigated in the Ames 6- by 6-foot supersonic wind tunnel. This report is devoted to the presentation and discussion of the results obtained during this study.

#### NOTATION

Ъ	wing span
ē	mean aerodynamic chord, $\frac{\int_0^{b/z} c^z dy}{\int_0^{b/z} c^z dy}$
С	local chord
$c_D$	drag coefficient, drag qS
$c_{L}$	lift coefficient, lift qS
C <sup>m</sup>	pitching-moment coefficient, measured about the quarter point of the mean aerodynamic chord, pitching moment qSc
$\frac{L}{D}$	lift-drag ratio
М	free-stream Mach number
<b>q</b>	free-stream dynamic pressure
R	Reynolds number
s	wing area, including area formed by extending the leading and trailing edges to the plane of symmetry
У	distance perpendicular to plane of symmetry
α	angle of attack of body axis, deg
λ	taper ratio, the ratio of the chord at the tip to the chord at the plane of symmetry





#### APPARATUS AND MODELS

The investigation was performed in the Ames 6- by 6-foot supersonic wind tunnel. This wind tunnel, which is fully described in reference 1, has a closed section and is of the variable-pressure type. It can be operated at Mach numbers varying from 0.6 to 0.9 and from 1.2 to 1.9. Model wing-body combinations are sting-mounted in the wind tunnel, and the aerodynamic forces on the models are measured with an internal electrical strain-gage balance. A typical model installation is shown in figure 1.

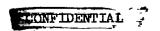
Three wing-body combinations were used during the investigation. Sketches of the models are presented in figure 2. All of the wings were of aspect ratio 3 and had 53.1° sweepback of the leading edge. All had an NACA 0003-63 airfoil section in a streamwise plane and had the same plan-form area. The taper ratios of the wings were varied from 0 (a triangular wing) to 0.4. All of the wings were tested in combination with the same circular body. The equation of the body is included on figure 2. The wing panels were constructed of steel, painted, and hand-sanded to a smooth finish. The smooth finish was maintained throughout the tests.

#### TESTS AND PROCEDURES

### Range of Test Variables

Lift, drag, and pitching moment were measured throughout an angle-of-attack range varying from -4° to a maximum of +17° at Mach numbers of 0.6 to 0.9 and 1.2 to 1.9. All models were tested at a Reynolds number of 3.0 million per foot at all Mach numbers. In addition they were tested at Reynolds numbers of 4.0 million per foot at all subsonic Mach numbers and 6.0 million per foot at Mach numbers of 0.8 and 0.9. The following table presents the corresponding Reynolds numbers based on the mean aerodynamic chord.

R×10 <sup>-6</sup> ,	Rx10 <sup>-6</sup> , based	on mean aerod	ynamic chord
per ft	λ = 0	λ = 0.2	λ = 0.4
3.0 4.0 6.0	3.6 4.8 7.2	3.1 4.1 6.2	2.9 3.8 5.7





#### Reduction of Data

Data presented in this report have been reduced to NACA coefficient form. The pitching moment has been referred to the quarter point of the mean aerodynamic chord. The data have been corrected to account for the differences known to exist between measurements made in the wind tunnel and in a free stream. The corrections applied account for the following factors:

- 1. The increase in airspeed in the vicinity of the model at subsonic speed as a result of constriction of the air stream by the walls of the wind tunnel.
- 2. The change in angle of attack of the model induced by the walls of the wind tunnel at subsonic speeds as a consequence of lift on the model. The corrections to the data amounted to:

 $\Delta \alpha = 0.554$  CL, deg

 $\Delta CD = 0.0097 CL^2$ 

 $\Delta C_{m} = 0$ 

- 3. The inclination of the air stream in the wind tunnel. These corrections were of the order of -0.13° and -0.10° at subsonic and supersonic speeds, respectively.
- 4. The effect on the drag measurements due to the longitudinal variation of static pressure in the test section.
- 5. The effect on the drag measurements caused by mounting the models on a sting. The base pressure was measured and the drag data adjusted to correspond to a base pressure equal to the static pressure of the free stream.

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Lift, drag, and pitching-moment coefficients are presented in tables I, II, and III for the wings with taper ratios of 0, 0.2, and 0.4, respectively. The tabulations include data for all test conditions. For the purpose of analysis, only a portion of these data is presented in graphical form. The largest part of the discussion is devoted to the results obtained at a Reynolds number of 3.0 million per foot, since that was the highest Reynolds number at which data could be obtained throughout the entire Mach number range. It will be shown, however, that the conclusions





drawn from results obtained at that Reynolds number also apply at a Reynolds number of 6.0 million per foot at Mach numbers of 0.8 and 0.9.

#### Lift

The effect of taper ratio on the variation of the lift coefficient with angle of attack is shown in figure 3. Increasing the taper ratio from 0 to 0.4 had only small effect on the lift-curve slope at zero lift. At angle of attack, however, variation of taper ratio resulted in large differences in the lift coefficients obtained at subsonic speeds. Increases in lift-curve slope at low to moderate angles of attack, such as are shown in the present results, particularly for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4, have been shown by previous tests of lowaspect-ratio wings with thin airfoil sections (e.g., refs. 2 and 3) to be concomitant with flow separation near the leading edge. Although such flow separation results in a reduction in the leading-edge pressures. it generally increases the lifting pressures over the rearward portions. The chordwise extent of the effect of separation generally increases with increasing spanwise distance from the plane of symmetry. For the wings of the present investigation the increases in lift-curve slope at moderate angles of attack generally were reduced as Reynolds number was increased, as will be shown in the portion of the discussion devoted to the effect of Reynolds number. Examination of the lift and moment data at the higher angles of attack indicated that stalled flow must have occurred at the tip sections and that unusually high loading occurred on the inboard sections.

#### Pitching Moment

The effect of taper ratio on the variation of pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient is presented in figure 4. Increasing the taper ratio caused a deterioration of the static longitudinal stability at subsonic speeds, as indicated by the nonlinear variations of the pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4. The increased static longitudinal stability for these wings in the low lift-coefficient range, corresponding to the range in which the lift-curve slope increased with increasing angle of attack, offers additional indication of the probable occurrence of leading-edge flow separation.

Of considerably more importance, however, was the reduction of the static longitudinal stability of the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4 near a lift coefficient of 0.5 at subsonic speeds. As indicated previously, this reduction of the longitudinal stability must have resulted from stalled flow at the tip sections. The degree of instability increased



with increasing taper ratio. Serious pitch-up occurred for the wing with taper ratio 0.4 at a Mach number of 0.6 when the moment center was located at the quarter point of the mean aerodynamic chord. At supersonic speeds the variation of the pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4 also showed a decrease in static longitudinal stability at the higher lift coefficients. This decrease was measured for the wing with taper ratio of 0.4 even at a Mach number of 1.9.

Nonlinear variations of the pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient, similar to those obtained for the wing with taper ratio of 0.2, can be minimized by locating a horizontal tail in a position which takes advantage of the characteristics of the flow field behind the wing (see ref. 4). It is unlikely, however, that an acceptable variation of pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient can be obtained for an aircraft utilizing the wing with taper ratio 0.4 without some modification of the wing to delay stalling of the wing tips.

#### Drag

The effect of taper ratio on the variation with lift coefficient of the drag coefficient is shown in figure 5. Increasing the taper ratio from 0 to 0.2 resulted in a reduction of the drag coefficients measured at moderate to high lift coefficients and had only small effect on the minimum drag. These effects have been summarized in figure 6, in which the variation of drag coefficient with Mach number has been presented for various lift coefficients. Increasing the taper ratio to 0.4 resulted in no significant reductions of the drag coefficient. The latter result is in agreement with the results obtained during an investigation of swept wings with taper ratios varying from 0.3 to 1.0 (ref. 5). Results presented in the referenced report showed that at high subsonic speeds the drag due to lift was only slightly decreased by increasing taper ratio beyond 0.3.

As a result of the reduction of drag due to lift when taper ratio was increased, the lift-drag ratios of the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4 were generally higher than the ratios for the wing with taper ratio of 0 at both subsonic and supersonic speeds, as shown in figure 7. At subsonic speeds the highest lift-drag ratios were obtained for the wing with taper ratio of 0.2. The maximum lift-drag ratios measured at supersonic speeds were those for the wing with taper ratio of 0.4. These maximums were, however, only slightly higher than those for the wing with taper ratio of 0.2.

In recapitulation, increasing the taper ratio from 0 to 0.2 resulted in a significant improvement of the drag characteristics. Since increasing the taper ratio to 0.4 generally did not result in further significant improvement but led to severe pitch-up, it appears that the optimum taper ratio is about 0.2.

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#### Effect of Reynolds Number

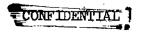
The effect of variation of Reynolds number on the lift, drag, and pitching-moment coefficients at high subsonic speeds is illustrated in figure 8, in which results obtained at a Mach number of 0.8 are presented. Increasing the Reynolds number from 3.0 to 6.0 million per foot alleviated the effect of leading-edge separation on the lift and pitching-moment characteristics of the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4. At a Reynolds number of 6.0 million per foot, the lift curves were linear over a wider range of angles of attack, and the increases in static longitudinal stability at low lift coefficients were smaller than at a Reynolds number of 3.0 million per foot. Because of structural limitations of the models, tests at the highest Reynolds number were not conducted in the range of lift coefficients in which reduced stability occurred for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4.

Since the effect of taper ratio on the variation of the drag coefficient with lift coefficient was shown to be significant at a Reynolds number of 3.0 million per foot, figure 9 has been included to show the variation with Reynolds number of the drag coefficients at various lift coefficients for Mach numbers of 0.8 and 0.9. Comparison of the results for the three wings indicates that increasing the Reynolds number did not affect materially the reductions in drag coefficient obtained as a result of increasing taper ratio.

#### CONCLUDING REMARKS

A wind-tunnel investigation has been conducted in order to determine the effect of varying the taper ratio on the lift, drag, and pitching-moment characteristics of thin wings of aspect ratio 3 and with 53.1 sweepback of the leading edge. Three wings, with taper ratios of 0, 0.2, and 0.4, were tested.

All wings showed the effect at subsonic speeds of flow separation at the wing tips; the effects of separated flow were shown to increase with increasing taper ratio. The static longitudinal stability at subsonic speeds was reduced near a lift coefficient of 0.5 for the wings with taper ratios of 0.2 and 0.4. Although the most satisfactory variation of pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient was obtained for the triangular wing, used to investigate a taper ratio of 0, the degree of instability for the wing with taper ratio of 0.2 was much less severe than that for the wing with taper ratio of 0.4.





Variation of taper ratio did not affect the minimum drag coefficient at subsonic speeds, while at supersonic speeds an increase in taper ratio resulted in a slight reduction in the minimum drag coefficient. Drag due to lift was decreased at all Mach numbers by an increase in taper ratio from 0 to 0.2.

Ames Aeronautical Laboratory
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics
Moffett Field, Calif., Oct. 20, 1954.

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  NACA RM L53E20, 1953.





TABLE I.- AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIANGULAR WING
(a) R = 3.0 million per foot

K	α	C <u>T.</u>	$c_{\mathrm{D}}$	C <sub>DL</sub>	м	Œ.	C <sub>L</sub>	c <sub>D</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	н	æ	C <sub>L</sub>	C <sub>D</sub>	C <sub>mt</sub>
0.60	-0.41	-0.022	0-0067	0.003	0.80	12.94	0.743	0.1713	-0.080	1.50	-2.17	-0.113	0.0163	0.028
	68	037	.0073	.005		15.06	.823	.2217	093	i I	-3-23	168	-0215	.042
	-1.22	065	.0082	.008	i	17.11	•913	.2811	109	l	-4.27	220	.0280	.055
	-2.31 -3.38	127 191	.0109	.015 .022	1	18.15	.941	-3097	118	1 1	-09	•005	.0115	00I
				.028		ا ــ ا	1		_	1 1	•36	•022	-0117	005
	-4.47	253	-0230		0.90	36	027	.0065	-005	H !	-90	-051	-0122	012
	•05	0	•0066	•001		63	041	.0069	.007		1.96	-104	•0155	026
	-33	.020	.0067	002	i	-1.19	076	.0080	-012	H I	3.01	.158	.0207	039
	.87	.050	.0076	005		-2.30	~153	•0150	-025	Hi	4.07	.211	.0271	- 052
	1.96	.111	-0101	012		-3.41	230	.0187	-036	H I	6.17	312	·0447	076
	3-04	-173	-0145	019		-4.51	305	.0281	-046	l I	8.27	-413	.0698	100
1	<u> </u> *-끘	-234	-0213	025		-05	.002	•0062	-00I	i i	10.37	- 508	-1011	124
1	6.34	.361	-0428	034	]	•35	•027	.0065	002	i i	12.46	.600	-1390	146
1 1	8.48	-477	.0717	039		-91	-063	-0076	008	1 1	14.56	.681	.1816	163
1 1	10.63	•591	.1106	047		2.02	.138	-0109	020		15.61	.721	-2054	170
1 1	12.77	•704	-1588	054		3.13	.212	-0170	031	1 l				ا ا
	14.90	.8o4	.2129	062		4.24	.291 .431	.0261	042	1.70	30	015	.0113	•00/4
	17.01	.884	.2683	069		6.44	٠٠٠	•052A	058	1	57	027	.0116	-007
!	18.06	-921.	-2975	073	l i	8.63	•561	.0887	074	i I	-1.10	051	-0126	.013
0.70	42		.0067	.004		a b		27.07			-2.16	099	.0158	-024
0.10	69	022	.0072	•005	1.20	34	021	.0107	-005	1	-3.21	147	.0203	-035
1 1	-1.17	037 068	.0080	.009		61	037	•0111	•010	1	4.25	193	.0261	-046
1 1	-2.26	132	.0111	.017		-1.15 -2.22	070 141	.0122	.018		•08	-004	.0113	00I
	-3.34	196	-0161	.024	i l	-3.26	212	.0159	•036		-36	-019	.0113	005
l i	-4.42	263	.0239	.031		-3.20 -4.36	-,298	.0311	•05l+		-90	•045	.0123	011
	•05	0	.0064	*001	1	.06	290	-0106	-001	1 1	1.95	.092 .140	•0150	022 034
i I		.022	.0068	002		34	.027	.0106	006		3.00	.185	.0194 .0251	044
1	•33 •88	052	.0077	005	1 1	.88	.062	0117	015	1 1	6.13	.273	0406	065
	1.98	.117	0105	014	1	1.94	.128	.0152	03I		8.22	.361	.0623	086
1	3.06	182	0153	021	4 1	3.01	.198	0207	-049		10.31	446	.0901	106
1	4.15	.246	0224	028	4 1	4.06	.267	.0283	066		12.40	527	.1236	126
	6.39	374	0148	038		6.20	405	.0510	100		14.49	605	.1624	I43
1 1	8.55	491	.0748	-042	l i	8.33	.541	.0838	133		16.58	.678	2067	157
1 1	10.71	.614	.1162	056	1	0.55					17.62	714	2311	163
1 1	12.87	-723	.1644	061	1.30	34	020	.0119	.005		11:02	• [ 2-4	مسيء.	ا دست
	14.99	.808	.2154	069	50	61	035	.0123	.009	1.90	30	015	.0127	.003
1 1	17.10	.891	.2726	081	1 1	-1.15	066	.0131	-017		57	- 026	0129	.006
I I	18.14	.921	•3000	086	<b>!</b>	-2.2 <u>ī</u>	127	.0168	.032		-1.10	047	.0135	.011
1 1		, ,				-3.27	192	.0224	048		-2.14	090	.0160	.021
0.80	34	023	.0066	.003		-4.33	256	.0299	.064	a 1	-3.19	134	.0199	.031
	<b></b> 63	038	.0069	-006	·	.05	-004	.0120	001		-4.23	175	0253	.041
	-1.18	071	.0079	•010			.024	.0122	005	]	.08	.001	.0125	0
	-2.28	139	.0110	.019		-33 -88	-057	-0131	013		-35	.014	.0126	004
	-3.38	209	.0169	-028		1.93	.116	-0165	028		.88	.037	.0130	009
] [	4.47	276	•0250	-036		3.00	.181	.0219	Oith		1.94	.078	.0151	1000-
1 1	.05	•002	•0061	•001		4.06	.243	.0292	060	,	2.97	.121	.0185	029
Į ,	•34	.025	•0063	002		6.17	.362	-0493	089	<b>j</b>	4.02	.162	-0234	038
	•90	.058	•0074	006		8.23	.480	.0782	116		6.10	-240	.0368	057
1	2.00	.125	-0104	016		10.40	•586 •684	.1145	140		8.17	.318	-0557	075
i	3.09	.192	.0156	024		12,50	•684	.1566	162	j	10.25	-396	.0807	092
	4.28	.260	-0234	032	l l	<u> </u>			l		12.33	.468	-1700	109
	6.37	-397	-0469	야5	1.50	30	017	-0115	•004		14.41	-539	-1450	124
	8.61	506	.0785	048		57	030	.0116	.008		16.50	-609	.1855	137
	10.79	.636	.1225	069		-1.11	058	.0123	•014	.	17.54	-645	-2080	143
<b>——</b>		L		L	<u>.                                    </u>			<u> </u>	L				L	





TABLE I.- AFRODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIANGULAR WING - Concluded (b) R = 4.0 million per foot

М	α	C <sub>L</sub>	$c_{\mathrm{D}}$	Cm	М	œ.	$c_{ m L}$	$c_{\mathbb{D}}$	c <sub>m</sub>	м	Œ.	СL	CD	Cm
0.60	-0.43	-0.025	0.0070		0.70	-3.40	-0.202	0.0166	0.024 .030	0.80	2.10 3.22	0.130 .197	0.0114	-0.017 025
	71	042	.0075	.004   .008	1 1	-4.57 .05	266 001	.0066		1	4.33	.266	.0238	033
	-1.25	069 131	.0085	.015	1 1	.34	.021		002		6.56	405	.0484	046
	-2.35 -3.44	194	.0162	022	1 1	.90	055		007		8.82	.512	.0805	049
	-4.53	255	.0232	.028		2.01	.118	.0108	014	1 1	11.03	.640	.1239	069
	•33	.019	.0068		!!	3.11	.181		021		13.22	.751	.1758	082
J	.89	.052		006	1 1	4.21	.249		028	1 .			١	
	1.99	.113		013	i I	6.49	•377		039	0.90	36	021	.0069	.003
	3.07	.172	.0146	020		8.68	494		041		58	041	.0073	.006
1	4.17	-237		026	1	10.83	.609		055		-1.15	078	.0085	.012
	6.42	-365		036		13.06	725		061	<u> </u>	-2.28	152	.0119	.023
	8.60	.480		039		15.19	.803	.2167	069	1	-3.40	231	.0182	.035 .045
<b>,</b>	10.78	.600		048				2000		1	-4.53 .14	305 010	.0068	001
į	12.96	.716	.1636	055	0.80	36	023	.0068	.003		.43	.029	.0071	004
	15.11	.811		063	1	64	040	.0072	.005	H ,	1.02	.070	.0083	010
i	17.23	.892	.2736	070		-1.13 -2.24	072 138	.0110		í l	2.14	145	.0116	022
	18.30	-932	•3049	014	i I	-3.35	205	.0162		<b>{</b> [	3.27	223	.0173	034
0.70	43	027	.0071	.003		4.47	277	.0245			4.40	.297	.0264	043
0.70	71	043	0074	.005	Į.	.13	.006		001	ll	6.66	449	.0549	064
1	-1.27	- 074	0064	.009	lt	.4ž	.025		003		8.89	.588	.0971	084
1	-2.30	- 137	.0115	.017		•99	.062		008			Į	1 .	1
<u> </u>					ll	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

(c) R = 6.0 million per foot

м	ď	СL	СĐ	C <sub>m</sub>	м	α	CL	•cD	C <sub>28</sub>
	-0.38 -0.68 -1.33 -1.33 -1.46 -1.56 -1.46 -1.46 -1.33 -1.46 -1.33 -1.46	-0.024 044 077 143 211 288 .012 .032 .065 .134 .203	0.0071 .0075 .0085 .0112 .0166 .0256 .0070 .0073 .0081 .0159 .0466	0.003 .005 .010 .019 .036 001 004 017 026 034 046		-0.39 -1.81 -1.21 -2.39 -3.56 -4.756 .48 1.01 2.24 3.41 4.58 6.97	-0.028 046 084 160 236 313 .016 .037 .074 .149 .224 .299 .464	0.0065 .0073 .0084 .0119 .0185 .0272 .0068 .0072 .0079 .0112 .0266 .0578	0.004 .007 .013 .025 .043 .005 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000



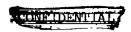


TABLE II.- AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF WING WITH TAPER RATIO OF 0.2 (a) R = 3.0 million per foot

			I	_ 1		-	1	Ι	· · · · · ·					
М	G.	CL	C <sub>D</sub>	Cns	М	Œ.	C <u>r</u>	CD	Car	М	C.	C <u>r</u>	CD	C <sub>tot</sub>
0.6	-0.44 64	-0.030	0.0070	0.002	0.80	12.85	0.795	0.1805	-0.081	1.50	-2.16		0.0164	0.032
	-1.19	075	.0075 .0087	•004 •008		15.01 17.10	.880 .945	.2338 .2883	083 088		-3.22 -4.26	174 230	.021.6	.047 .062
	-2.27	138	.0116	.014		18.18	990	.3218	097		.08	-004	-0114	٥٠٠٠
	-3·35 -4.44	205	.0170	•023				l -		l l	.36	.019	*0114	004
	.02	279 006	.0257	.033	0.90	-•39 -•66	032 045	.0062 .0064	-004	1 1	.89 1.95	-047	-0119	012 027
	.30	.016	.0068	001		-1.23	084	.0081	.005	l	3.00	-103 -159	.0150 .0202	042
1	.84	046	.0073	00+	1	-2.33	160	.0118	.023	1	4.05	.214	0265	056
1	1.94	.111	-0099	012		-3.45	246	-0191	<b>.</b> 038	1 1	6.15	322	-0440	085
	3.01 4.09	.175 .245	0137 0209	020 030		-4.56	329	-0297	.052		8.24	.426	.0691	112
	6.26	.388	-0433	046		.03 .32	001	.0059 .0061	.001 001		10.34 12.43	525 619	-1000 -1372	137 159
1	8.43	.526	.0781	054	į	.88	.057	.0070	006		14.52	.701	.1802	173
	10.58	.643	.1196	052	İ	1.99	.132	.0098	018		17.01	.782	-2353	189
	12.73 14.93	-759 -861	.1703 .2267	056 057		3.10 4.21	.214 .298	.0154 .0248	032 047	1 70	30	03.0		206
	17.04	.943	2842	056		6.44	•290 •465	0210	072	1.70	30 57	018 030	.0112	.006 .009
	18.09	.979	3143	057		8.65	604	.0919	082		-1.11	055	.0125	.015
											-2.16	104	.0158	.028
0.70	28 55	030	.0064 .0069	•003 •004	1.20	32 59	029	.0099 .0104	.008		-3.20 -4.25	151 200	.0205 .0265	•0 <del>1</del> 0
	-1.10	076	.0061	.008		-1.13	078	.0117	.019		.08	200	.0112	.052
	-2.36	141	.0113	-015		-2.18	146	.0156	-037		-35	-017	-0113	003
	-3.38 -4.47	210 287	.0167	.025		-3.24	219	.0213	-057		.89	.042	9110	010
1	•03	003	.0259	.036 .001	i i	-4.30 -08	291 0	.0290	.076		1.95 2.99	.091 .139	.0146	023 035
	-20	.oı6	.0063	0		.36	.021	.0100	005		4.04	.186	0248	047
	-75	-048	.0070	004		•90	-055	-0106	013		6.13	.261	0101	071
	2.03 3.04	.112	.0096 .0138	012		1.96 3.02	.121 .192	-0141 -0193	030 049		8.22	-372	.0621 .0894	093
1 1	4.13	256	.0213	032		4.08	.265	.0265	068		10.30 12.39	.457 .540	.1225	114 134
	6.32	105	0450	050		6.20	.408	.0482	106		14.48	.618	.1605	150
1 1	8.50 10.64	542 650	.0806	054		8.32	-547	-0806	143		16.57	.690	2010	160
	12.80	.670	.1215 .1740	055 062	1.30	31	026	.0113	-007	1.90	30	~.017	.0131	-005
] ]	15.01	.863	2267	060	***	58	040	.0118	-010	1.90	-•57	028	0134	.006
1 1	17.12	-945	.2875	068		-1.12	072	.0130	•018		-1.10	050	-0140	•013
i 1	18.17	•979	.3176	069		-2.18 -3.23	133	.0169 .0224	-034		-2.14	094	.0164	.024
0.80	37	→•030	.0060	.003	1 1	-4.29	199 266	0298	.052 .070		-3.18 -4.22	136 178	.0203 .0256	.034 .045
	64	045	.0066	.005	1 1	.08	-002	.0114	0.010		.08	.002	.0130	ر تن
	-1.20	- 078	•0079	.009	ll	-36	.019	-0114	004		•35	•O14	-0131	003
	-2.29 -3.41	147 223	.0109	.017 .029		.90 1.96	.050 .113	.0119 .0152	012		.88	.036 .080	.0136	009 020
1 1	4.51	304	.0266	.041	1	3.01	.177	.0204	045		1.93 2.97	.122	.0157 .0192	020
] ]	.02	002	-0059	.001		4.07	.242	-0272	063		4.OI	-165	-0241	041
	.31 .86	.019 .052	.0061 .0068	001		6.18 8.29	-371 -494	0474	096		6.09	-248	•0378	061
	1.96	.120		005 014	1	10.39	.601	.0757	131 154		8.16 10.24	•327 •405	.0567 .0813	080 097
	3.06	-193	.0095 .0148	024		12.49	•703	.1546	173		12.32	.479	.1107	114
	4.15	.273	.0233	037							14.39	-557 -626	-1470	131
[	6.37 8.55	425 559	.0483 .0837	057 060	1.50	31 58	022 036	.0114 .0117	.006		16.49 17.54	.626 .661	.1866	141 147
[	10.72	•559 •677	.1273	071		-1.11	063	0124	-017		±1•2 <del>+</del>	*00T	-2095	T4(
$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{eta}}}$							ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ			Li				





# TABLE II.- AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF WING WITH TAPER RATIO OF 0.2 - Concluded (b) R = 4.0 million per foot

м	æ	CL	CD	Cm	м	æ	C <sub>L</sub>	CD	C <sub>m</sub>	м	æ	$c_{ m L}$	CD	C <sub>m</sub>
0.60	-0.45 66	-0.030 045	0.0073 .0076	0.003	0.70	-1.23 -2.32	-0.079 142	0.0087	0.008	0.80	0.32 .89	0.020 .057	0.0065	-0.002 006
	-1.21	076	.0088	.008		-3.44 -3.44	208	.0169	.024		2.01	.125	0100	014
	-2.30 -3.39	136 205	.0113	.014		•4•55 •02	288	.0261	•035 •001		3.11 4.24	.194 .269	.0147	024 035
	-4.48	273	.0246	.031		-31	.016	.0068	001		6.47	.424	0485	055
l i	.02 .31	006	.0068	0 001		.88 1.98	.052	.0074	005 012		8.70 10.90	•557 •673	.0848	060 069
1 1	.31 .87	.048	.0075	004.		3.08	.181	.0141	021		13.09	.784	.1803	077
	1.96 3.05	-110 -174	.0100	011 019		4.18 6.40	.253 .402	.0212 .0452	031 049	0.90	40	032	.0066	.004
	4.14	.246	.0207	029		8.62	.538	.0814	055		69	050	.0072	.006
	6.33 8.53	.387 .520	.0428	045 052		10.79 12.99	.641 .765	.1208	053 060		-1.25 -2.38	087 161	.0086	.011
	10.69	.630	.1171	049		15.21	.856	2280	058		-3.50	237	.0190	.035
	12.88 15.10	•759 •854	.1689 .2238	054 055	0.80	48	031	.0068	.004		-4.64 .02	327 002	.0304	.050
	17.24	.940	.2825	054		67	047	.0073	.005	1	•33	.023	.0062	002
1 1	18.28	-972	-3114	053		-2.34 -3.46	082 225	.0086	.009		.91 2.03	.060 .135	.0071	007
0.70	39	031	.0070	.003		-4·58	302	0278	.041	1	3.16	.21.6	.0154	031
	67	046	.0075	•005		.02	003	.0063	.001		4.29 6.58	.296 .469	.0242	045 071

### (c) R = 6.0 million per foot

м	α	CL	c <sub>D</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	м	Œ	c <sub>T</sub>	CD	C <sub>EE</sub>
0.80	-0.50 72 -1.29 -2.42 -3.59 -4.74 .02 .35 .93 2.07 3.21 4.36 6.69 8.95	-0.036 051 083 146 226 294 001 .025 .057 .125 .191 .263 .418 .533	0.0076 .0078 .0087 .0135 .0135 .0260 .0071 .0078 .0100 .0138 .0211 .0481	0.003 .005 .008 .015 .026 .035 0 003 006 014 023 032 052	0.90	-0.43 -1.31 -2.48 -3.65 -4.85 -3.95 -2.99 -3.29 4.46 6.84	-0.035 055 091 163 240 331 002 .026 .026 .055 .131 .219 .297 .463	0.00 P0 C0	0.003 .006 .011 .020 .031 .046 0 003 008 017 031 043 065





TABLE III.- AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF WING WITH TAPER RATIO OF 0.4 (a) R = 3.0 million per foot

и	α.	1 ~	<u>~</u>	Ta		т	T -	T _		Υ				
	+	CT.	CD	C <sub>m</sub>	М	α.	C <sub>L</sub>	СЪ	Czz	М	α	C <sub>L</sub>	CD	Cm
0.60	-0.41 68	-0.023	0.0078	0	0.80	12.86 14.99	0.762	0.1719	-0.050	1.50	-2.15	-0.113	0.0153	0.026
	-1.23	068	.0091	.002	l	17.08	903	.2217 -2735	040		-3.20 -4.25	172 227	.0203	-041
	-2.23	12 <del>5</del>	-0112	.005	1	18.13	.931	3002	038	İ	.07	-006	.0267	.056 002
	-3.31	192	.0163	.009		1			1	1	.34	.021	.0110	005
ļ	-4.37 .04	264	.0242	.019	0.90	42	- 024	.0070	0	Į.	.89	.050	-0117	011
	.31	.002	.0070 .0074	001	i	69	041	.0077	.001	Ī	1.95	.103	-0146	024
	.86	047	.0085	003		-1.19 -2.29	077 148	0084	.005	i	2.99	-160	.0192	038
	1.95	.108	.0106	007		-3-40	228	.0185	.021	1	6.24	.215 .322	.0255 .0429	053 082
	3.01	.169	0149	011	1	] -4.50	316	.0291	.038	l	8.22	.422	.0661	108
1	4.10	.241 .38 <del>5</del>	.0221 .0444	019		.05	.007	0062	001	1	10.31	-519	-0958	130
	8.43	•532	-0785	038 053	1	•33 •69	.060	.0066 .0076	001		12.40	.606	-1309	146
	10.58	642	.1189	039	l	2.00	.133	.0099	005		14.48 16.58	.682	.1718	155
	12.71	-740	.1630	034	l	3.10	-210	.0158	021	ł	10.70	-757	.21.98	168
	14.83	.833	.2138	026		4.21	.294 473	.0252	037	1.70	30	017	.0110	.004
1	16.96 18.00	.925 .956	•273 <sup>1</sup> 4	019	1	6.45	-473	.0541	067		55	030	.0112	.006
	10.00	•970	-3014	014		8.64	.612	•0921	078		-1.09	053	.0122	.012
0.70	42	022	.0078	0	1.20	31	024	.0098	.005		-2.14 -3.18	102	.0151	.024
ŀ	69	037	-0085	o l		57	038	.0105	.008	Ī	4.22	153 201	0198 0258	.037 .049
1	-1.24	066	-0092	-003	ļ	-1.11	068	.0115	-014	i	.08	.007	.0107	002
	-2.25 -3.28	130 197	.0113	.006	ĺ	-2.17	135	.0146	.027		-35	.018	-0109	i005 l
1	-4.42	- 274	.0249	.021	l '	-3.23 -4.29	20 <del>1</del>	.0195	.041 .056		.88	-043	•0115	oii
	.04	.004	.0071	001		.08	.006	.0093	002	f i	1.93 2.97	.093 .143	.0141 .0185	023
1	-32	.019 .049	.0075 .0085	001		-36	.025	0097	005		4.01	.190	.0243	035 047
	.87	.049	.0085	003		•90 1•96	.058	.0110	012		6.10	.190 .264	0396	071
1	1.95 3.04	.178	.0106 .0153	007 012		1.96	.122	-0139	025		8.18	•373 •4 <del>56</del>	.0606	092
]	4.131	250	-0228	021		3.01 4.08	.189 .257	.0185 .0254	039 053		10.25 12.33	-456 E20	.0867 .1187	112
	6.31	.403	.0461	042		6.19	395	0470	088		14.41	.538 .614	.1553	129 142
	6.31 6.50 10.64	.250 .403 .554 .641	.0825	057		8.30	-520	.0763	117		16.48	.682	1966	148
	12.78	750	.1197 .1673	038 036	1.30	70			,		17.53	.716	.2212	152
! !	14.92	-750 -840	.2179	031	1.30	30 57	02I	.0113	004	1.90	- 20	22.0		
	17.03	•923 •954	2756	025		-1.11	065	.0129	014	1.90	30 55	018 029	.0125 .0127	.004
	18.08	·954	-304I	022	1	-2.16	128	.0159	.027		-1.09	052	.0133	.012
0.80	42	022	.0077	227		-3.20	192	.0208	-042		-2.13	096	-0158	.023
3.00	69	037	.0082	001		-4.27 .08	255 .006	.0260	.057 002	•	-3.17	140	-0198	-033
i l	-1.25	067	.0088	.003	Ī	.36	.023	.0112	002	l	-4.21 .07	183 -003	.0253 .0121	•043
1 1	-2.26	130	.0110	.006		.89	-054	0123	011		.34	.003 .014	.0155	001
	-3-36	199	.0165	.012	ł	1.96	.113	.0152	024	l	.8 <sub>7</sub>	.037	.0127	010
1 1	-4.45	280	0255	.026 001		3.01	-177	-0197	039	ľ	1.92	082	.0148	020
	39	.021	.0009	~.001	- 1	4.07 6.27	.240 .366	.0264	055 087	i	2.96	-126	.0183	031
	•39 •88	-053	.0082	003	- 1	8.34	-180	.0726	116	1	3.99 6.06	.169 .250	.0234	041
	1.98	.118	·0105	008		10.36	•584 •682	1065	135	ł	8.13	332	-0562	079
	3.06 4.16	.185	-0151	014	ŀ	12.47	.682	.1469	151	ŀ	10.21	.410	0802	096
[	6.37	.261 .471	.0232 .0477	025 048	, _	ا م		1	, [	ı	12.27	479	.1080	111
	8.55	555		056	1.50	30 56	019 033	.0111	.004 .007	]	14.34	549 614	-1415	123
	10.69	-555 -642	.1205	042	- 1	-1.11	- 059	0124	-013		16.41 17.45	649	.1789 .2008	130 134
											-14-7	.0+9		134
													NA.	





# TABLE III.- AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF WING WITH TAPER RATIO OF 0.4 - Concluded (b) R = 4.0 million per foot

М	α.	C <sub>L</sub>	СД	C <sub>m</sub>	М	Œ	CT.	CD □	C <sub>m</sub>	м	a l	$c_{\mathbf{L}}$	C <sub>D</sub>	Cm
0.70	-0.39	-0.022	0.0075	-0.001	0.60	-1.25	-0.065	0.0084	0.001	0.80	0.08	0.006	0.0066	-0.001
, -	68	039	.0076	0	1	-2.34	128	.0114	-004		.36	.022	.0070	001
	-1.24	069	.0082	.001	l i	-3.34	188	.0158	.008		•93	.055	.0078	003
	-2.25	131	.0112	.005	j	43. بلت	258	.0231	-014		2.03	.117	.0100	~.008
	-3.35	196	.0160	.009	1	بآن.	.004	.0069	001		3.14	.188	.0150	013
]	4.45	267	.0238	.017		-35	.020	.0074	001		4.26	.262	.0228	023
Ι,	.07	.005	.0069	001		.88	.051	.0082	002	•	6.49	.416	.0474	044
1	.36	.020	.0072	001	ł I	1.97	.112	.0107	006		8.73	.563	.0845	052
	.92	•053	.0082	003	1	3.06	.175	.0151	010	1	10.92	.659	.1252	041
	2.01	.115	.0105	007		4.14	238	.0215	015		13.11	.785	.1803	050
:	3.12	.179	.0154	011	1	6.35	394	.0446	036		_		i	Į.
	4.22	248	.0225	017	1 :	8.52	-533	.0786	050	0.90	40	024	.0070	001.
1	6.44	400	.0448	038		10.71	.645	.1178	038		69	041	-0075	0
	8.67	.551	0817	- 053		12.87	757	.1657	032		-1.26	076	.0081	.003
	10.83	.651	1204	037	[	15.02	852	.2182	023	1	-2.30	147	.0118	.009
		.760	1691	033	1	17.17	.945	.2793	017	1	-3.43	222	.0180	.018
	13.01	.858	.2229	028		18.31	979	.3101	013	l l	-4.38	308	.0276	.031
1	15.19	.000	.2229	02	1	12.31	1 '2''	-5202	-323	<u>U</u>	2.06	.131	0097	010
10.00	١ ،	000	0075	001	0.80	-3-37	206	.0159	.012	Ĭ	3.18	.206	.0160	018
0.60	42	022	.0075		10.00	4.49	277	0240	.020	1	4.32	.286	.0245	032
1	69	036	1 .000	۱ ۱			-*=!!	.5240	1		6.60	.462	0535	062

### (c) R = 6.0 million per foot

м	α	C <sub>L</sub>	CD	C <sub>MA</sub>	м	cr.	C <sub>L</sub>	CD	C <sub>m</sub>
0.80	-0.48	-0.028	0.0081	0	0.90	-0.47	-0.030	0.0078	0
	75	045	.0080	.001		77	046	.0079	.001
	-1.32	075	.0087	.002		-1.34	- 080	.0090	.003
! [	-2.39	140	.0113	.005	ł l	-2.44	154	.0120	•009
1 }	-3.51	201	.0160	.009	1	-3.61	231	.0182	.017
1 1	4.68	281	.0246	.019		-4.78	311	.0277	.030
1 1	.05	.008	.0076	001	1	.07	.010	.0075	002
ļ	. 35	.026	.0078	002		•37	.028	.0078	002
l	.94	.059	•0083	003		95	.063	.0086	005
1	2.08	.122	.0105	007		2.09	.129	.01.08	009
1 1	3.22	•190	•0152	011		3.27	.206	.0157	016
	4.36	.258	0221	017	ļ.	4.46	.285	.0243	028
1 1	6.67	.407	.o473	041		6.78	·¥35	.0498	051
	8.48	•535	.0743	051				ł	





Figure 1.- Model with wing of taper ratio of 0.2 installed in Ames 6- by 6-foot supersonic wind tunnel.



All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted

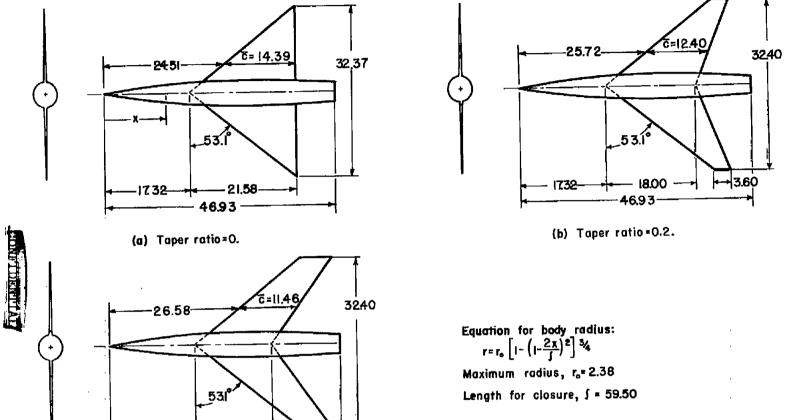


Figure 2.- Dimensional sketches of models.

46.17

(c) Taper ratio = 0.4.

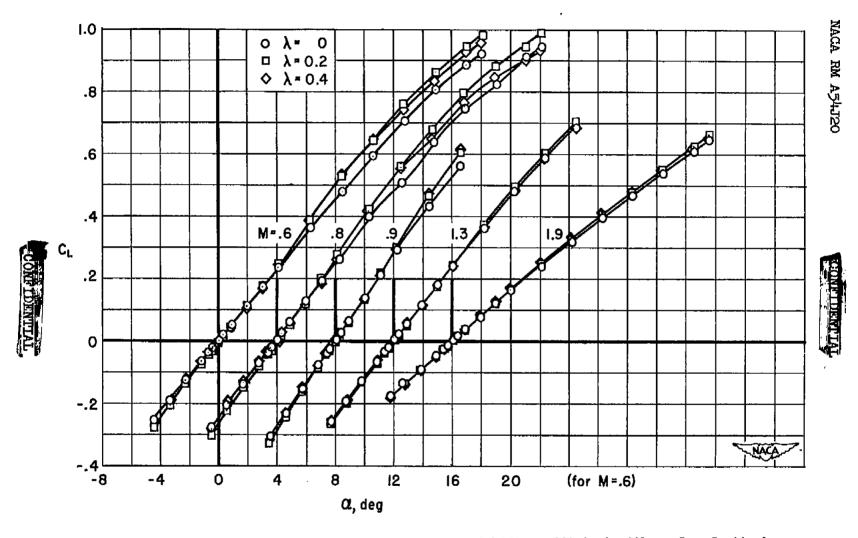


Figure 3.- Effect of taper ratio on the variation of lift coefficient with angle of attack; R = 3.0 million per foot.

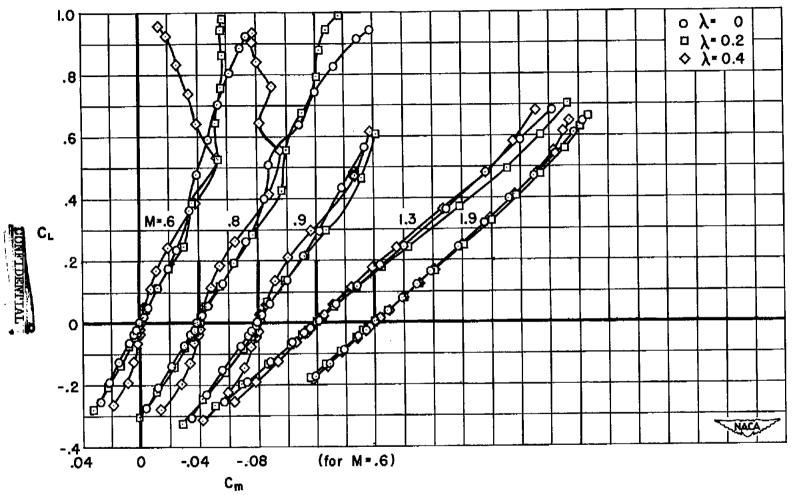


Figure 4.- Effect of taper ratio on the variation of pitching-moment coefficient with lift coefficient; R=3.0 million per foot.

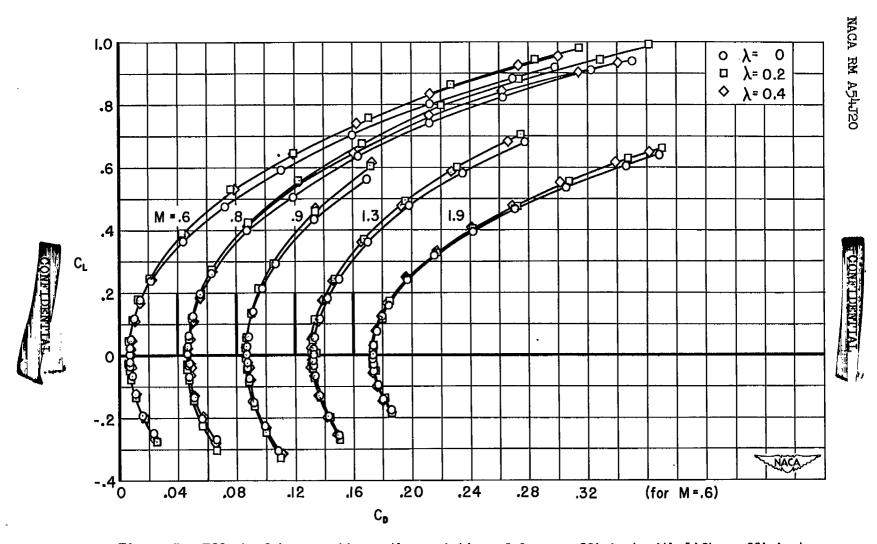


Figure 5.- Effect of taper ratio on the variation of drag coefficient with lift coefficient; R = 3.0 million per foot.

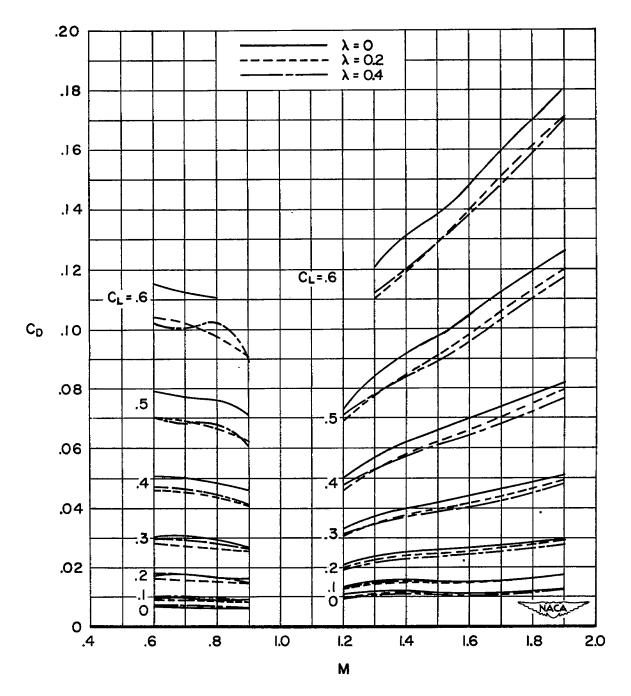


Figure 6.- Effect of taper ratio on the variation with Mach number of the drag coefficients at various lift coefficients; R = 3.0 million per foot.



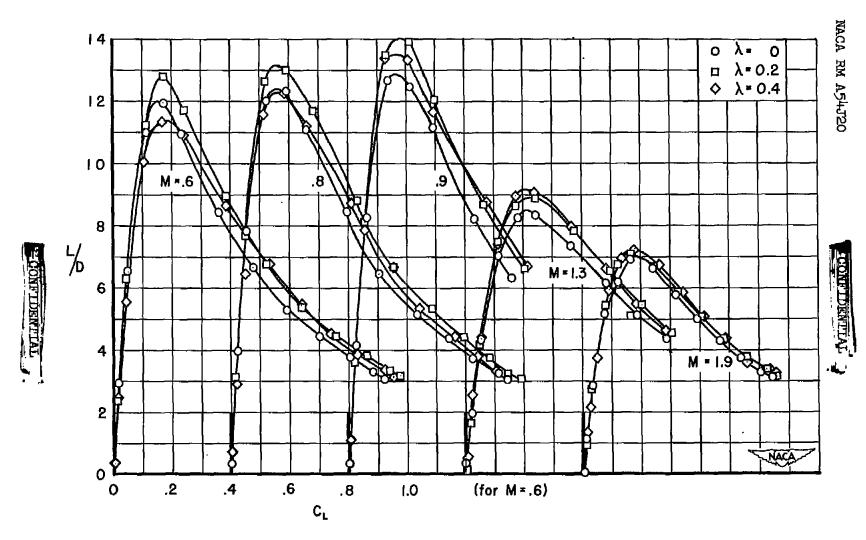


Figure 7.- Effect of taper ratio on the variation of lift-drag ratio with lift coefficient; R = 3.0 million per foot.

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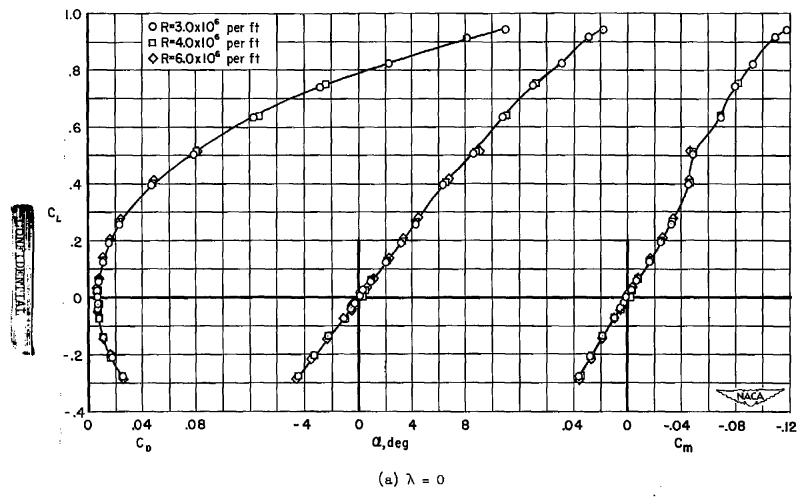


Figure 8.- Effect of Reynolds number on aerodynamic characteristics of the three models at a Mach number of 0.8.

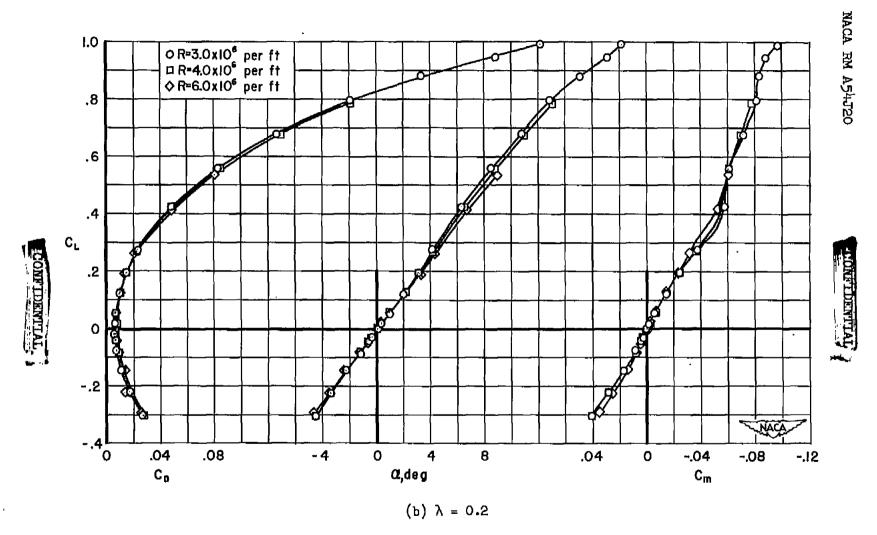


Figure 8.- Continued.

Figure 8.- Concluded.

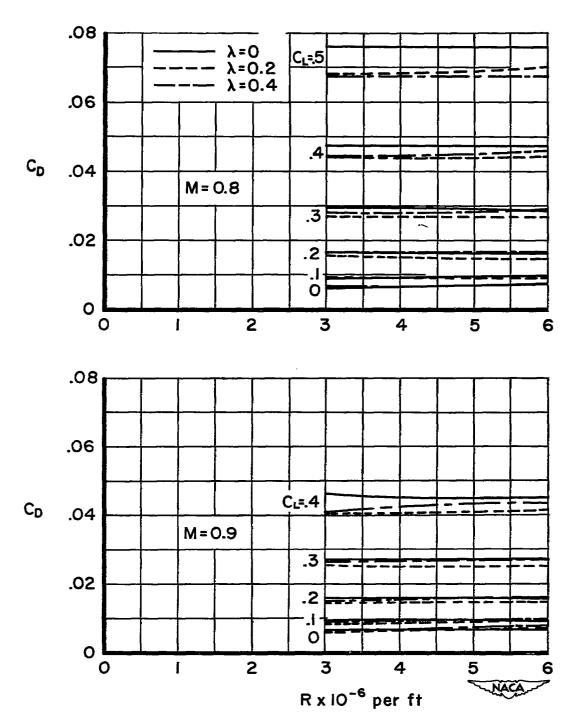


Figure 9.- Variation with Reynolds number of the drag coefficients at various lift coefficients for the three models at subsonic speeds.

